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The relatively flat landscape of Sandoy is ideal for bicycling and easy, family-friendly hikes. The region offers breathtaking cliffs, wonderful hiking trails, and many charming

Here you can experience large beaches, sand dunes and peaceful lakes ideal for angling. You can also enjoy local museums and cosy cafés.

Twenty minutes by ferry from the village of Sandur is the hidden gem of Skúvoy, where 400 meters high bird cliffs rise from the ocean, and a tranquil settlement is (almost) lost in time.

In Søltuvík, there are historical traces of former habitations. It was used as a base and lookout post for the British army due to its panoramic viewpoint.

Søltuvík is a beautiful area with "malargrót" (water rolled stones) and dramatic cliffs. It is easy to reach by foot or by car from Sandur.

We have chosen seven highlights in and around Sandoy that are worth a visit.

### On the unpaved road to Søltuvík, there is a hiking path which leads you to an outstanding viewpoint of "Drangarnir" (Sea Stacks) and Søltuvík bay. The hike is easy but may be wet in some areas; therefore, we recommend waterproof shoes. You can find a hiking sign on the left-hand side of the road, and poles mark the path. DRANGARNIR AND SØLTUVÍK VIEWPOINT If you don't plan on hiking, you can follow the unpaved road further unt reach the bay of Søltuvík. and seal watching Outstanding nature until you

# THE SAND DUNES OF SANDUR

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The sand dunes, commonly known as "Mølheyggjar", are a unique natural feature in the Faroe Islands. Beyond the dunes is one of the best beaches in the whole country, where locals like to swim all year around. This is a playground for people of all ages. It is also home to rare insects and plants. The sand dunes are a protected conservation area due to their biodiversity and biological significance. We kindly ask that you walk on the designated paths.



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Resting place of Viking chieftain of legendary

Skúvoy is named after the large number of great skua birds on the island. As one of the few rat-free islands, it is home to abundant birdlife such as puffins, shearwaters and great skuas. Along the coastline, dramatic bird cliffs are rising from the sea. Visitors must respect the ecosystem by staying on marked routes when visiting Skúvoy.

According to Færeyinga Saga (Saga of the Faroese), the chieftain Sigmundur Brestisson (961–1005) christened the Faroe Islands. You can find his grave in Ólansgarður just outside the village. Sigmundur built the first church in the Faroe Islands in Skúvoy around the year 1000. The current church is from 1937.

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Sea stacks and mountain cliffs

At Liraberg, you can see impressive mountain cliffs, abundant birdlife and sea stacks. Liraberg is easily reachable by foot from the village of Skopun and marked by signposts. On your way, you will walk through an area with cultivated outfields, lakes and a breathtaking view of the islands to the north:

Hestur, Koltur, Vágar and Streymoy.

Please respect private property, and do not walk beyond the point of the way-finder poles without a local guide – both to ensure your safety and to minimize disturbance to wildlife.

### LÍRABI ERG

The café is situated in beautiful sur-roundings close to the sea in Skálavík. Here you can enjoy a cup of coffee while observing the crashing waves from the

Originally a general store, four generations have run the family business in the cosy building. The interior design nods to the past decades of use and seeks to create a homey feeling. The café is an excellent stop for visitors looking for food or drinks.

In 2021 the family expanded the business and opened a brand new guesthouse, "Guesthouse Mølin", to accommodate the many visitors on the island.

## CAFÉ'IN Á MØLINI

An atmospheric break

day use and orna the 8th century.

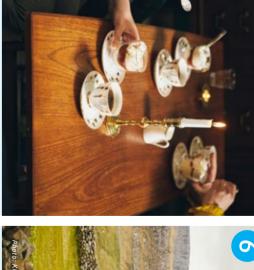
In 1863, the sexton found a coin treasure in the old graveyard – one of its kind in the Faroes. The treasure consisted of 98 silver coins – even from as far away as the Middle East. The treasure can now be seen at the National Museum.



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Ancient history

The church in Sandur was inaugurated in 1839 and is the 6th church on the same site. Each church has been built on top of the other. Many excavations have been conducted nearby, showing signs of some of the oldest and best-preserved remains in the Faroe Islands. Some of the main findings are the remains of buildings from the early Viking days, articles for everyday use and ornaments dating back to



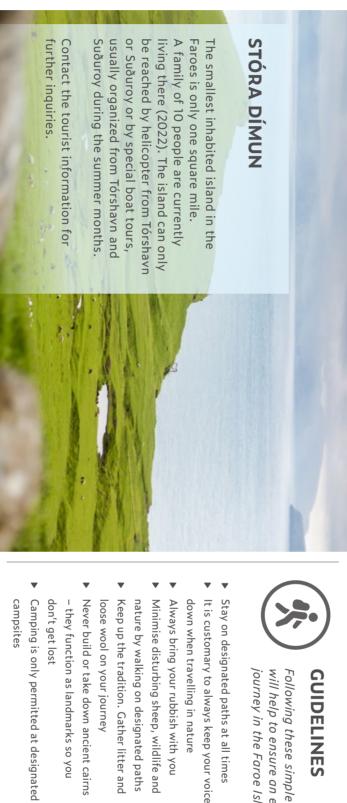
# **CHURCH OF SANDUR**

The turf sheds can be observed from the outside today, as they are private property and still in use.

## TUMBAKKI

Mysterious and practical

Tumbakki consists of ten stone turf sheds in the village of Húsavík. No one knows the exact age or story surrounding the buildings, but it is believed that, in the olden times, these houses might have been used for food storage. The turf sheds are an example of practical construction with several stone layers to the west, which happens to be the most common strong wind direction and only common strong wind direction and a single layer of stone to the east.



**VISIT WHATSON.FO** TO SEE WHAT EVENTS ARE ON IN SANDOY DURING YOUR STAY.

YOUR OFFICIAL GUIDE TO WHAT'S ON IN THE FAROE ISLANDS

9

What's On

- Yours to u

Κύνογ Α

To 9AM

### 🕦 Visit Sandoy



Visit Faroe Islands

INFORMATION CENTRE IN

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SANDOY, SKÚVOY
AND STÓRA DÍMUN

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## The history of Sandoy stretches back to the 4th century – which is when the oldest settlements in the Faroe Islands are from. The climactic chapters of the Færeyinga Saga play out on Skúvoy island around year AD 1000.

tunnel is replacing the 30-minute ferry trip and will inevitably change the island and move it closer to the centre of the Faroes. The sparsely populated region has enjoyed and endured the effects of relative isolation until now. The new subsea

sandy composition of the soil, which is where the name of the island likely derives from, is utilised for innovative and sustainable farming. On Sandoy, time seems to move a bit slower, and there are plenty of characteristic cultural flavours. The unique THE SAND

**MELCOME TO** 

### DRIVING

All major highways are paved. Many roads and tunnels leading to villages can be very narrow, so please choose a safe speed according to the conditions.

will help to ensure an enjoyable and unforgettable journey in the Faroe Islands Following these simple yet essential guidelines

**GUIDELINES** 

On the map, you can see which roads are one-lane roads. To keep traffic flowing, these roads have lay-bys (widened sections formed to one side to leave the road free for others to pass).

Refrain from walking too close to cliffs

no picture is worth dying for

Always hike with others. It's recommended

to hike with a local guide

It is advisable to leave your

'safe travel'

seasonal farming and

Equip yourself for all types of weather Beware! It can be cold in the mountain

is advisable

Check weather forecasts to see if hiking

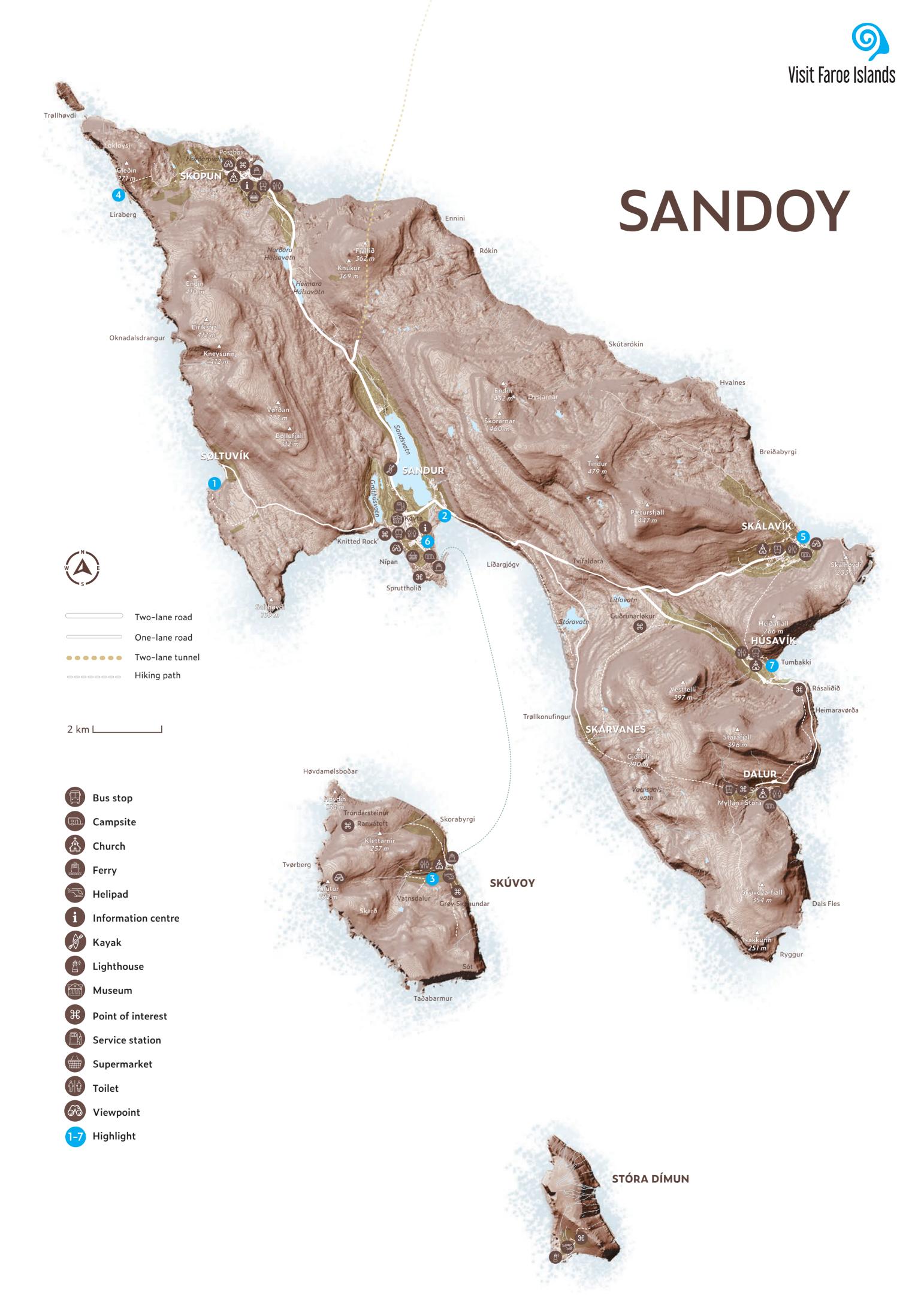
These lay-bys are NOT to be used for

# **PUBLIC TRANSPORT**

Public transport around the island is efficient and affordable. If you have the time to travel according to the pace of the timetables, you won't need to rent



Timetable for the ferry and buses can be found here:



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